

## Revelation 20:7-15 - Millennialism: Part 3

### Satan punished, vv. 7-10

1. What does Jesus say it will be like shortly before he comes again? (Matthew 24:21, 22, p. 1539)
2. How is that time pictured in verse 7?
3. Ezekiel 38, 39 speaks of a chief prince named Gog from the land of Magog. No specific person or place is clearly connected to these names. They appear to be symbolic for enemies of God's people. In Ezekiel 39:17-20 Gog's battle ends with the birds and wild animals feasting on God's slain enemies. This is very similar to how Rev 19 ended with the birds feasting on God's slain enemies. Since different features from the same prophecy in Ezekiel are used in different sections of Revelation, this indicates that the different descriptions of victory in Revelation all describe Jesus' ultimate triumph on the Last Day. They don't describe a series of battles over a period of time.
4. How do verses 8 & 9 show that hostility against God and his people will be great?
5. What is the city that God loves? (Hebrews 12:22, 23, p. 1878; 1 John 3:1, p. 1900)
6. How is Jesus' victory pictured in verse 9, 10
7. We've met the beast and the prophet before. The beast represents the forces of evil that work through secular governments against God and his people. The false prophet represents the false churches which work against God and his people with their false teachings. Now the devil, who is the power behind them, is shown defeated as well.
8. How does verse 10 show that the suffering of hell is never ending?

Once again the pictures of revelation sound out Jesus' message to you: Take heart! The devil and all his allies will fail. In Jesus you have the victory.

### Judgment Day, vv. 11-15

1. Who is sitting on the throne to judge the living and the dead? (Matthew 25:31)
2. How do verses 11-13 show that no one will escape the judgment?
3. According to Psalm 10:11, 13 (p. 850) What do wicked people think God has done with their deeds?
4. But what does verse 12 say God has done with their deeds?

5. In addition to the books that recorded what the dead had done, what other book is opened? (verse 12)
6. Rather than deeds what alone is recorded in the Book of Life? (verse 15)
7. Why is it so appropriate that the Book of Life contains only names and not deeds? (Ephesians 1:3-6)
8. Why isn't there a Book of Death? (1 Timothy 2:3, 4; 2 Peter 3:9; Ezekiel 18:32)
9. What is the second death mentioned in verse 14?
10. Verse 12 says that the dead are judged according to what they had done as recorded in the first set of books. Doesn't this teach that we're saved by what we do? Why or why not? (see also, Isaiah 43:25, p.1128; 1 John 1:7, p. 1899; 1 Peter 2:5, p. 1888)